

SHEET 1 of 2

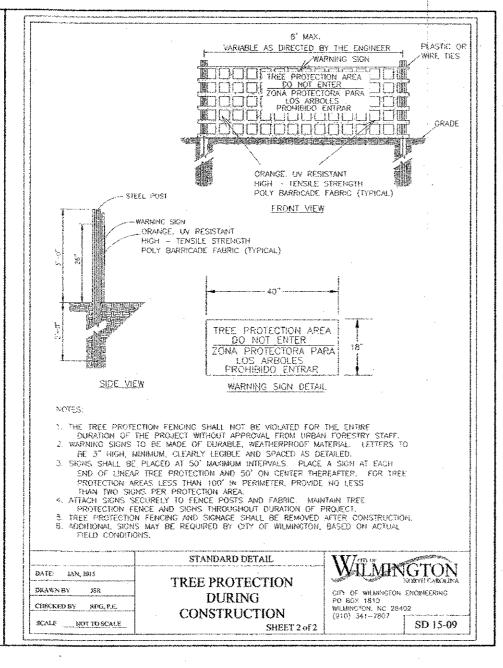
Public Services • Engineering Division

APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Date: 11/6/2018 Permit #2018049

Signed: Tit Bitthe for RAC

**EXAMPLES OF PERIMETER LANDSCAPING** 



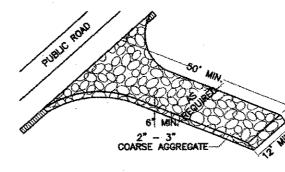
SICH WITH STANDARD BICYCLE SYMBOL AND PARKING

1 — SEE PARKING LOT DESIGN STANDARDS FOR ALTERNATIVE PARKING LOT DIMENSIONS 2 — SEE "LANDSCAPE" FOR RECOMMENDED PLANT LIST T—10.4

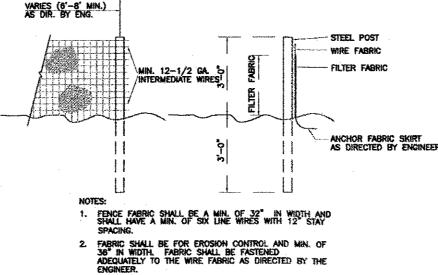
EXAMPLES OF PERIMETER LANDSCAPING

- 1. Variances on stall widths, angle and other dimensions will be allowed only upon approval of the Traffic
- 2. Wheel stops shall be required three (3) feet from the end of parking stall when using eighteen (18) feet
- 3. Curbing, crosstles, utility poles, etc., can be used
- as wheel stops. (Must be anchored down) 4. All medians shall be a minimum of six (6) feet wide.
- 5. Parking bays which terminate at a circulation way shall provide for a minimum turning radius of twentyfive (25) feet, as measured from the edge of the travel portion.
- 6. All parking stall markings and lane arrows shall be
- 7. All other povement markings, signs or other traffic control devices shall conform to the latest edition and/or interpretation of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).
- 8. No obstructions will be allowed adjacent to a parking stall which would prevent safe ingress and egress from a parked vehicle.
- 9. Parking in fire lanes and in non-residential driveways shall be prevented by standard signs and as needed by portable barricades

PARKING FACILITY DESIGN NOTES SD 15-13



TEMPORARY GRAVELLED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



STEEL POST SHALL BE 5'-0" IN HEIGHT AND BE OF THE SELF-FASTENER STEEL ANGLE TYPE.

TEMPORARY SILT FENCE

<u>BUILDING WASTE HANDLING</u>
1. NO PAINT OR LIQUID WASTES IN STREAMS OR STORM DRAINS. 2. DEDICATED AREAS FOR DEMOLITION, CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER WASTES MUST BE LOCATED 50' FROM STORM DRAINS AND STREAMS UNLESS NO REASONABLE ALTERNATIVES AVAILABLE. 3. EARTHEN-MATERIALS STOCKPILES MUST BE LOCATED 50' FROM STORM DRAINS AND STREAMS UNLESS NO REASONABLE ALTERNATIVES AVAILABLE. 4. CONCRETE MATERIALS MUST BE CONTROLLED TO AVOID CONTACT WITH SURFACE WATERS, WETLANDS OR BUFFERS,

INSPECTIONS
1. SAME WEEKLY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS. 2. SAME RAIN GAUGE AND INSPECTIONS AFTER 0.5" RAIN EVENT. INSPECTIONS ARE ONLY REQUIRED DURING "NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS".
INSPECTION REPORTS MUST BE AVAILABLE ON-SITE DURING BUSINESS HOURS UNLESS A SITE—SPECIFIC EXEMPTION IS APPROVED.

5. RECORDS MUST BE KEPT FOR 3 YEARS AND AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.

6. ELECTRONICALLY AVAILABLE RECORDS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS.

SEDIMENT BASINS
1. OUTLET STRUCTURES MUST WITHDRAW FROM BASIN SURFACE UNLESS DRAINAGE AREA IS LESS THAN 1 ACRE.
2. USE ONLY DWQ-APPROVED FLOCCULENTS.

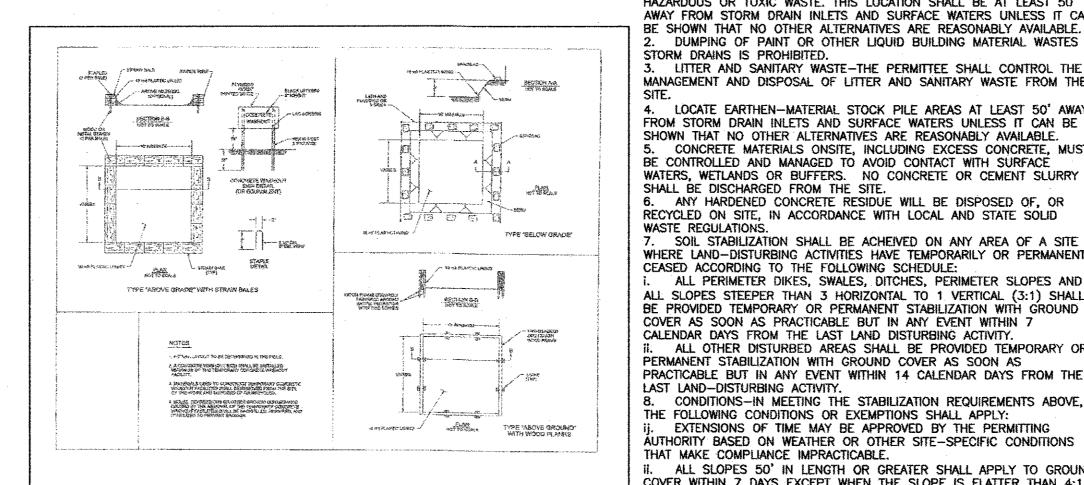
NPDES-SPECIFIC PLAN SHEETS NOTES

1. THIS PAGE IS SUBMITTED TO COMPLY WITH NPDES GENERAL STORMWATER PERMIT NCG010000.

2. THIS PAGE CAN BE APPROVED BY THE COUNTY PURSUANT TO NPDES GENERAL STORMWATER PERMIT NCG010000 ONLY.

3. THIS PAGE OF THE APPROVED PLANS IS ENFORCEABLE EXCLUSIVELY PURSUANT TO NPDES GENERAL STORMWATER PERMIT A. THE COUNTY IS NOT AUTHORIZED TO ENFORCE THIS PAGE OF THE PLANS AND IT IS NOT A PART OF THE APPROVED PLANS SITE POLLUTANTS NOTES

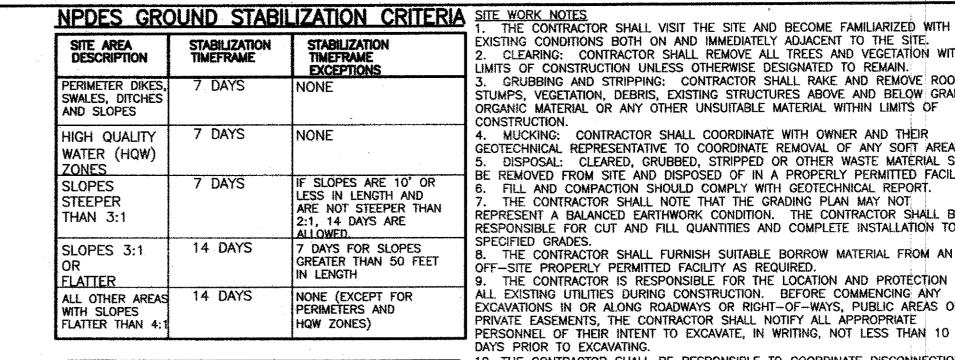
1. LOCATE AREAS DEDICATED FOR MANAGEMENT OF LAND CLEARING



MANTENANCE.

1. CONCRETE WASHOUTS SHOULD BE INSPECTED DAILY AND AFTER HEAVY RAINS. DAMAGES SHOULD BE REPAIRED PROMPTLY. IF FILLED TO BE OVER 75% CAPACITY WITH RAIN WATER IT SHOULD BE VACUUMED OR ALLOWED TO EVAPORATE TO AVOID OVERFLOWS. BEFORE HEAVY RAINS THE CONTAINERS LIQUID LEVEL SHOULD BE LOWERED OR THE CONTAINER COVERED TO AVOID AN OVERFLOW DURING RAIN. WHEN SOLIDS HAVE HARDENED THEY SHOULD BE REMOVED AND RECYCLED.

CONCRETE WASHOUT DETAIL



TEMPORARY SEEDING SPECIFICATION

SEEDING MIXTURE					
	SPECIES	RATE (lb/gcre)			
LATE WINTER & EARLY SPRING	Rye (grain) Annual lespedeza (Kobe in Piedmont and Coastal Plain, Korean in Mountains) Omit annual lespedeza when duration of temporary cover is not to extend beyond June. German Millet	120 50			
SUMMER	in the Piedmont and mountains, a small-stemmed sundangrass may be substituted at a rate of 50 lf/acre				
FALL	German Millet	40			
LATE WINTER & EARLY SPRING	SEFDING DATES  Mountains - Above 2500 ft: Feb. 15-May Below 2500 ft: Feb. 1-May Pledmont - Jan. 1-May 1 Coastal Plain - Dec. 1-Apr. 15	, 15 1			
SUMMER	Mountains — May 15—Aug 15 Piedmont — May 1—Aug 15 Coastal Plain — Apr. 15—Aug 15				
FALL	Mountains - Aug 15-Dec 15 Coastal Piain and Piedmont - Aug 15-De	ec 30			
	SOIL AMENDMENTS  FOLLOW RECOMMENDATIONS OF SOIL 1  LF/ACRE GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIME  LB/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER.				
	MULCH  APPLY 4,000 LB/ACRE STRAW. ANCHOR STRAW BY TACKING WITH ASPHALT, NETTING, OR A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL. A DISK WITH BLADES SET NEARLY STRAIGHT CAN BE USED AS A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL.				
	MAINTENANCE REFERTILIZE IF GROWTH IS NOT FULLY REFERTILIZE AND MULCH IMMEDIATELY OR OTHER DAMAGE.				
	ON OTHER LAWRES.				

	PERMANENT GRASSING DETAIL SEEDING MIXTURE					
	SPECIES RATE (Ib/acre)					
SPRING SUMMER	PENSACOLA BAHAGRASS 50 SERCEA LESPEDEZA 30 COMMON BERMUDAGRASS 10 GERMAN MELLET 10 TALL FESCUE 50					
FALL WINTER	TALL FESCUE 200 (BLEND OF 2 OR 3 RIPROVED VARIETIES) RYE (GRAIN) 25					
-	SEEDING NOTES (SPRING-SUMMER)					
	WHERE A NEXT APPEARANCE IS DESIRED, OMIT SERICEA.     USE COMMON BERUDAGRASS CRLY ON ISOLATED SITES WHERE IT CANNOT BECOME A PEST. BERUNDAGRASS MAY BE REPLACED WITH 5 16/ocre CENTIFEDEGRASS.					
	SEEDING DATES					
SPRING SUMMER	APRIL 1 - JULY 15					
FALL WINTER	JANUARY - APRIL AUGUST - DECEMBER					
	SOIL AMENDMENTS					
SPRING SUMMER	APPLY LIME AND FERTILIZER ACCORDING TO SOIL TESTS, OR APPLY 3,000 Ib/gate Ground Agriculture Limestone and 500 Ib/gate 10-10-10 FERTILIZER.					
FALL WINTER	APPLY LIME AND FERTILIZER ACCORDING TO SOIL TESTS, OR APPLY 3,000-5,000 Ib/gcre ground agriculture limestone (use the lower rate on sandy soils) and 1,000 Ib/gcre 10-10-10 Fertilizer.					
	MULCH					
	APPLY 4,000 ID/OCTO GRAIN STRAWOR EQUIVALENT COVER OF ANOTHER SUITABLE MAJICH, ANCHOR BY TACKING WITH ASSPHALT, ROWING, OR NETTING OR BY CRAIPING WITH A MALICH MACHORING TOOL. A DISK WITH BLADES SET HEARLY STRAIGHT CAN BUSED AS A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL.					
	MAINTENANCE					
SPRING SUMMER	REFERTILIZE THE FOLLOWING APRIL WITH 50 Ib/Ocro NITROGEN. REPEAT AS GROWTH REQUIRES. MAY BE MOWED ONLY ONCE A YEAR. WHERE A NEAT APPEARANCE IS DESIRED, OMIT SERICEA AND MOW AS OFTEN AS NEEDED.					
FALL WINTER	FERTILIZE ACCORDING TO SOIL TESTS OR APPLY 40 LF/ACRE NITROGEN IN JANUARY OR FEBRUARY, 40 LB IN SEPTEMBER AND 40 LB IN NOVEMBER, FROM A 12—4—8, 16—4—8, OR SIMILAR TURE FERTILIZER, AVOID FERTILIZER APPLICATIONS DURING WARM WEATHER, AS THIS INCREASES STAND LOSSES TO DISCASE, RESEED, FERTILIZE, AND WILCH DAMAGED AREAS IMMEDIATELY, MOW TO A HEIGHT OF 2.5—3.5 INCHES AS NEEDED.					

AND DEMOLITION DEBRIS, CONSTRUCTION AND DOMESTIC WASTE, AND HAZARDOUS OR TOXIC WASTE. THIS LOCATION SHALL BE AT LEAST 50' AWAY FROM STORM DRAIN INLETS AND SURFACE WATERS UNLESS IT CAN 3. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM HARDWARE CLOTH AND GRAVEL BE SHOWN THAT NO OTHER ALTERNATIVES ARE REASONABLY AVAILABLE. STORM DRAINS IS PROHIBITED. LITTER AND SANITARY WASTE-THE PERMITTEE SHALL CONTROL THE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF LITTER AND SANITARY WASTE FROM THE

4. LOCATE EARTHEN-MATERIAL STOCK PILE AREAS AT LEAST 50' AWAY FROM STORM DRAIN INLETS AND SURFACE WATERS UNLESS IT CAN BE SHOWN THAT NO OTHER ALTERNATIVES ARE REASONABLY AVAILABLE. CONCRETE MATERIALS ONSITE, INCLUDING EXCESS CONCRETE, MUST BE CONTROLLED AND MANAGED TO AVOID CONTACT WITH SURFACE WATERS, WETLANDS OR BUFFERS. NO CONCRETE OR CEMENT SLURRY SHALL BE DISCHARGED FROM THE SITE. 6. ANY HARDENED CONCRETE RESIDUE WILL BE DISPOSED OF, OR

RECYCLED ON SITE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL AND STATE SOLID WASTE REGULATIONS. SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE ACHEIVED ON ANY AREA OF A SITE CEASED ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE: ALL PERIMETER DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1) SHALL

COVER AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE BUT IN ANY EVENT WITHIN 7 CALENDAR DAYS FROM THE LAST LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY. II. ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE PROVIDED TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT STABILIZATION WITH GROUND COVER AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE BUT IN ANY EVENT WITHIN 14 CALENDAR DAYS FROM THE LAST LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY. CONDITIONS—IN MEETING THE STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS ABOVE.

THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS OR EXEMPTIONS SHALL APPLY: EXTENSIONS OF TIME MAY BE APPROVED BY THE PERMITTING AUTHORITY BASED ON WEATHER OR OTHER SITE-SPECIFIC CONDITIONS THAT MAKE COMPLIANCE IMPRACTICABLE. II. ALL SLOPES 50' IN LENGTH OR GREATER SHALL APPLY TO GROUND COVER WITHIN 7 DAYS EXCEPT WHEN THE SLOPE IS FLATTER THAN 4:1.

SLOPES LESS THAN 50' SHALL APPLY GROUND COVER WITHIN 14 DAYS EXCEPT WHEN SLOPES ARE STEEPER THAN 3:1, THE 7-DAY REQUIREMENT APPLIES. iii. ANY SLOPED AREA FLATTER THAN 4:1 SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THE 7-DAY GROUND COVER REQUIREMENT.

IV. SLOPES 10' OR LESS IN LENGTH SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THE 7-DAY GROUND COVER REQUIREMENT EXCEPT WHEN THE SLOPE IS STEEPER THAN 2:1. v. ALTHOUGH STABILIZATION IS USUALLY SPECIFIED AS GROUND COVER, OTHER METHODS, SUCH AS CHEMICAL STABILIZATION, MAY BE ALLOWED

ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS. vi. FOR PORTIONS OF PROJECTS WITHIN THE SEDIMENT CONTROL PROBLEMS OR TURBID DISCHARGES DAILY. COMMISSION-DEFINED "HIGH QUALITY WATER ZONE" (15A NCAC 04A. 0105). STABILIZATION WITH GROUND COVER SHALL BE ACHIEVED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE BUT IN ANY EVENT ON ALL AREAS OF THE SITE WITHIN 7 CALENDAR DAYS FROM THE LAST LAND-DISTURBING ACT.

REVISIONS. EXISTING CONDITIONS BOTH ON AND IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO THE SITE. ite Description E CLEARING: CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL TREES AND VEGETATION WITHIN REMOVE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION UNLESS OTHERWISE DESIGNATED TO REMAIN. 09.28.18 EXCELSIOR DTL EJ GRUBBING AND STRIPPING: CONTRACTOR SHALL RAKE AND REMOVE ROOTS, STUMPS, VEGETATION, DEBRIS, EXISTING STRUCTURES ABOVE AND BELOW GRADE, ORGANIC MATERIAL OR ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL WITHIN LIMITS OF I. MUCKING: CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH OWNER AND THEIR GEOTECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE TO COORDINATE REMOVAL OF ANY SOFT AREAS. DISPOSAL: CLEARED, GRUBBED, STRIPPED OR OTHER WASTE MATERIAL SHALL E REMOVED FROM SITE AND DISPOSED OF IN A PROPERLY PERMITTED FACILITY. FILL AND COMPACTION SHOULD COMPLY WITH GEOTECHNICAL REPORT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTE THAT THE GRADING PLAN MAY NOT REPRESENT A BALANCED EARTHWORK CONDITION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CUT AND FILL QUANTITIES AND COMPLETE INSTALLATION TO 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH SUITABLE BORROW MATERIAL FROM AN

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OFF-SITE PROPERLY PERMITTED FACILITY AS REQUIRED. . THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE LOCATION AND PROTECTION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES DURING CONSTRUCTION. BEFORE COMMENCING ANY EXCAVATIONS IN OR ALONG ROADWAYS OR RIGHT-OF-WAYS, PUBLIC AREAS OR IN PRIVATE EASEMENTS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL APPROPRIATE PERSONNEL OF THEIR INTENT TO EXCAVATE, IN WRITING, NOT LESS THAN 10 DAYS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING. 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO COORDINATE DISCONNECTION/ RECONNECTION AND/OR THE RELOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WITH appropriate personnel 11. EXISTING SURVEYING PERFORMED BY MARK A. STOCKS, PLS AND SUPPLIED BY

THE OWNER. 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AT THE SITE. FURTHERMORE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPORT ALL DISCREPANCIES OR QUESTIONS TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. 13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ANY AND ALL LAYOUT REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT HIS WORK UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY OWNER. 14. ALL PVC UTILITY MAINS SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH A MINIMUM OF 36" COVER AT FINAL GRADE. 15. ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE INSTALLED TO MEET ALL LOCAL AND STATE CODES. METERS, TAPS, MATERIALS, WORKMANSHIP AND ALL FEES SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL

REQUIREMENTS. 16. ALL PAVEMENT, BASE AND SUBGRADE SHALL CONFORM TO NCDOT STANDARDS INCLUDING WORKMANSHIP, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT. APPROPRIATE BARRICADES, SIGNS, LIGHTS OR OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NODOT TO MAINTAIN SAFETY AND TWO WAY

17. ALL AREAS SHALL BE GRADED FOR POSITIVE DRAINAGE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. ALL AREAS SHALL BE SLOPED TO DRAIN AWAY FROM BUILDINGS AT ALL TIMES." 18. CONCRETE STORM DRAINAGE PIPE SHALL BE CLASS III WITH RUBBER GASKETED JOINTS AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S REQUIREMENTS. 19. USE WHITE LANE MARKING PAINT FOR ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS. PAINT

SHALL BE A CHLORINATED RUBBER ALKYD, FS TT-P-115. TYPE III. FACTORY MIXED, QUICK DRYING, NON BLEEDING. REFLECTIVE MATERIAL MAY BE ADDED AT OWNER'S OPTION FOR NIGHT REFLECTING. 20. DUCTILE IRON SHALL BE CLASS 50.

21. CONCRETE FOR WALKS, CURBS AND DRIVES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 3000 PSI @ 28 DAYS - AIR ENTRAINED. 22. FIELD TESTING SHALL BE DONE BY AN INDEPENDENT TESTING LABORATORY PAID FOR BY THE OWNER. FURTHER TESTING REQUIRED DUE TO A FAILED TEST WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE CONTRACTOR. 23. SEE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT NO. \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

. NO CUT SLOPE OR FILL SLOPE SHALL EXCEED A RISE OR FALL OF ONE FOOT FOR EVERY RUN OF 3 FEET (1 VERTICAL TO 3 HORIZONTAL). 2. NO SEDIMENT WILL BE ALLOWED TO EXIT THE SITE. ALL EROSION SHALL BE CONTROLLED INCLUDING SIDE SLOPES DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION 3. INSTALL PRIMARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES BEFORE BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO GRAVELED CONSTRUCTION

ENTRANCE, SILT FENCE, CHECK DAMS, ETC. INSTALL ALL SECONDARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. 4. ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES TO BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAIN. SILT FENCE AND INLET PROTECTION ARE TO BE CLEANED WHEN 0.5 FEET OF SEDIMENT HAVE ACCUMULATED IN FRONT OF THE DEVICE OR WHEN THEY LEAK OR FAIL. SEDIMENT TRAPS ARE CLEANED OUT AS

STATED OR WHEN HALF FULL. 5. IF APPLICABLE, CONSTRUCT PROPOSED RETENTION POND TO ACT AS A SEDIMENT BASIN DURING CONSTRUCTION. REMOVE ACCUMULATION OF SILT AS DECLIBED TO ALLOW PROPER FUNCTIONING DESIGN LEVELS AT THE COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION. 6. IF APPLICABLE, INSTALL DROP INLETS WITH INLET PROTECTION TO ACT AS SILT TRAPS DURING CONSTRUCTION. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SILT AS NEEDED TO PREVENT SILT FROM ENTERING STORM DRAIN PIPING. 7. A 4" LAYER OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL NEW AREAS TO RF GRASSED 8. MAINTAIN ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES UNTIL PROJECT IS

COMPLETE. 9. MORE STRINGENT MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED TO HALT EROSION IF THOSE ON THIS PLAN PROVE TO BE LESS EFFECTIVE. 10. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION. ALL PERMANENT MEASURES SHALL BE WELL ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO PROJECT COMPLETION.

MAINTENANCE PLAN 1. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WILL BE CHECKED FOR STABILITY AND OPERATION FOLLOWING EVERY RUNOFF-PRODUCING RAINFALL, BUT IN NO CASE, LESS THAN ONCE EVERY WEEK AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF EVERY HALF INCH RAINFALL.

. ALL POINTS OF EGRESS WILL HAVE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES THAT WILL BE PERIODICALLY TOP-DRESSED WITH AN ADDITIONAL 2 INCHES OF #4 STONE TO MAINTAIN PROPER DEPTH. THEY WILL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION TO PREVENT MUD OR SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE SITE. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SPILLED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE OR ROADWAYS.

INLET PROTECTION, BLOCK AND GRAVEL INLET, ROCK DOUGHNUT INLET DUMPING OF PAINT OR OTHER LIQUID BUILDING MATERIAL WASTES IN PROTECTION AND ROCK PIPE INLET PROTECTION WHEN THE DESIGNED STORAGE CAPACITY HAS BEEN HALF FILLED WITH SEDIMENT. ROCK WILL BE CLEANED OR REPLACED WHEN THE SEDIMENT POOL NO LONGER DRAINS AS DESIGNED. DEBRIS WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE ROCK AND HARDWARE CLOTH TO ALLOW PROPER DRAINAGE. SILT SACKS WILL BE EMPTIED ONCE A WEEK AND AFTER EVERY RAIN EVENT. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM AROUND BEAVER DAMS, DANDY SACKS AND SOCKS ONCE A WEEK AND AFTER EVERY RAIN EVENT. 4. DIVERSION DITCHES WILL BE CLEANED OUT IMMEDIATELY TO REMOVE SEDIMENT OR OBSTRUCTIONS FROM THE FLOW AREA. THE DIVERSION RIDGES WILL ALSO BE REPAIRED. SWALES MUST BE TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WITHIN 21 CALENDAR DAYS OF CEASE OF ANY PHASE OF ACTIVITY ASSOCIATED WITH A SWALE. 5. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM BEHIND THE SEDIMENT FENCE WHEN IT BECOMES HALF FILLED. THE SEDIMENT FENCE WILL BE REPAIRED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN A BARRIER. STAKES MUST BE STEEL. STAKE SPACING WILL BE 6 FEET MAX. WITH THE USE OF EXTRA STRENGTH WHERE LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY FABRIC, WITHOUT WIRE BACKING. STAKE SPACING WILL BE 8 FEET MAX. WHEN STANDARD STRENGTH FABRIC AND WIRE BACKING ARE USED. IF ROCK FILTERS ARE DESIGNED AT LOW POINTS IN THE IN THE SEDIMENT FENCE THE ROCK WILL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED IF IT BECOMES HALF FULL OF SEDIMENT, NO LONGER DRAINS AS DESIGNED OR IS DAMAGED. 6. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM SEDIMENT TRAPS WHEN THE DESIGNED STORAGE CAPACITY HAS BEEN HALF FILLED WITH SEDIMENT. THE ROCK WILL BE CLEANED OR REPLACED WHEN THE SEDIMENT POOL NO LONGER DRAINS OR WHEN THE ROCK IS DISLODGED. BAFFLES WILL-BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED IF THEY COLLAPSE. TEAR, DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE. THEY WILL BE REPLACED PROMPTLY. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED WHEN DEPOSITS REACH HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE 1ST BAFFLE. FLOATING SKIMMERS WILL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND WILL BE KEPT CLEAN. 7. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE SEDIMENT BASIN WHEN THE

DESIGN STORAGE CAPACITY HAS BEEN HALF FILLED WITH SEDIMENT. ROCK WILL BE CLEANED OR REPLACED WHEN THE SEDIMENT POOL NO LONGER DRAINS OR IF THE ROCK IS DISLODGED. BAFFLES WILL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED IF THEY TEAR, DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE. THEY WILL BE REPLACED PROMPTLY. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM BAFFLES WHEN DEPOSITS REACH HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE 1ST BAFFLE FLOATING SKIMMERS WILL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND WILL BE KEPT CLEAN.

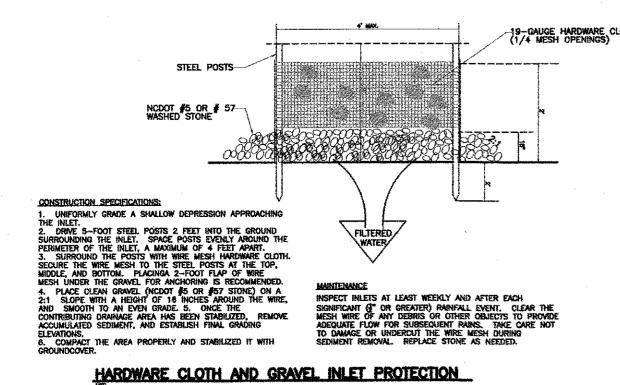
8. ALL SEEDED AREAS WILL BE FERTILIZED, RESEEDED AS NECESSARY. AND MULCHED ACCORDING TO SPECIFICATIONS IN THE VEGETATIVE PLAN TO MAINTAIN A VIGOROUS, DENSE VEGETATIVE COVER. ALL SLOPES WILL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 21 CALENDAR DAYS. ALL OTHER AREAS WILL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 15 WORKING DAYS. 9. FLOCCULATES WILL BE USED TO ADDRESS TURBIDITY ISSUES. THE PUMPS, TANKS, HOSES AND INJECTION SYSTEMS WILL BE CHECKED FOR

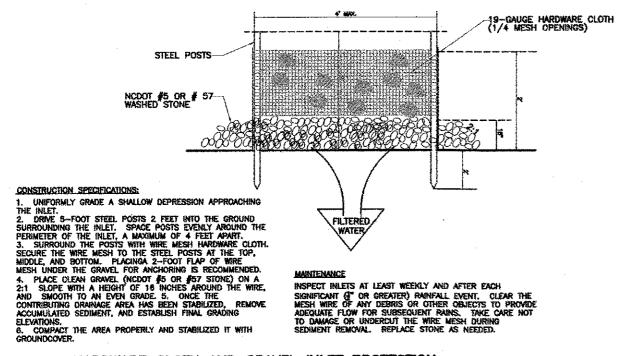
WH CARO SOFESS/ON SEAL 17374 · SAGINEES. GREGOR

TRIPP ENGINEERING
419 Chestnut Street
Wilmington, North Carolina 2
Phone 910-763-5100
Fax 910-763-5631
© LOGENSE INP. ENGINEERING, P.C.

09-04-18 **PGT** DESIGN DRAWN EJW

SHEET 4 OF 5 17066





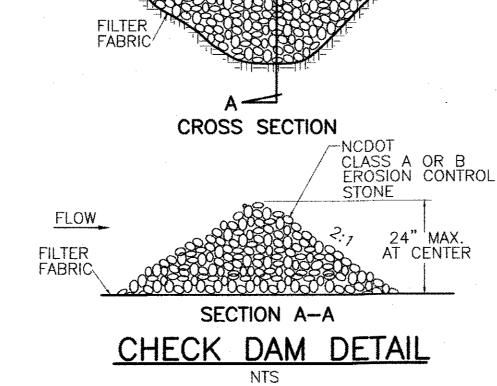
EXAMPLES OF PERIMETER LANDSCAPING

PARKING FACILITY EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 25 STALLS

SD 15-12

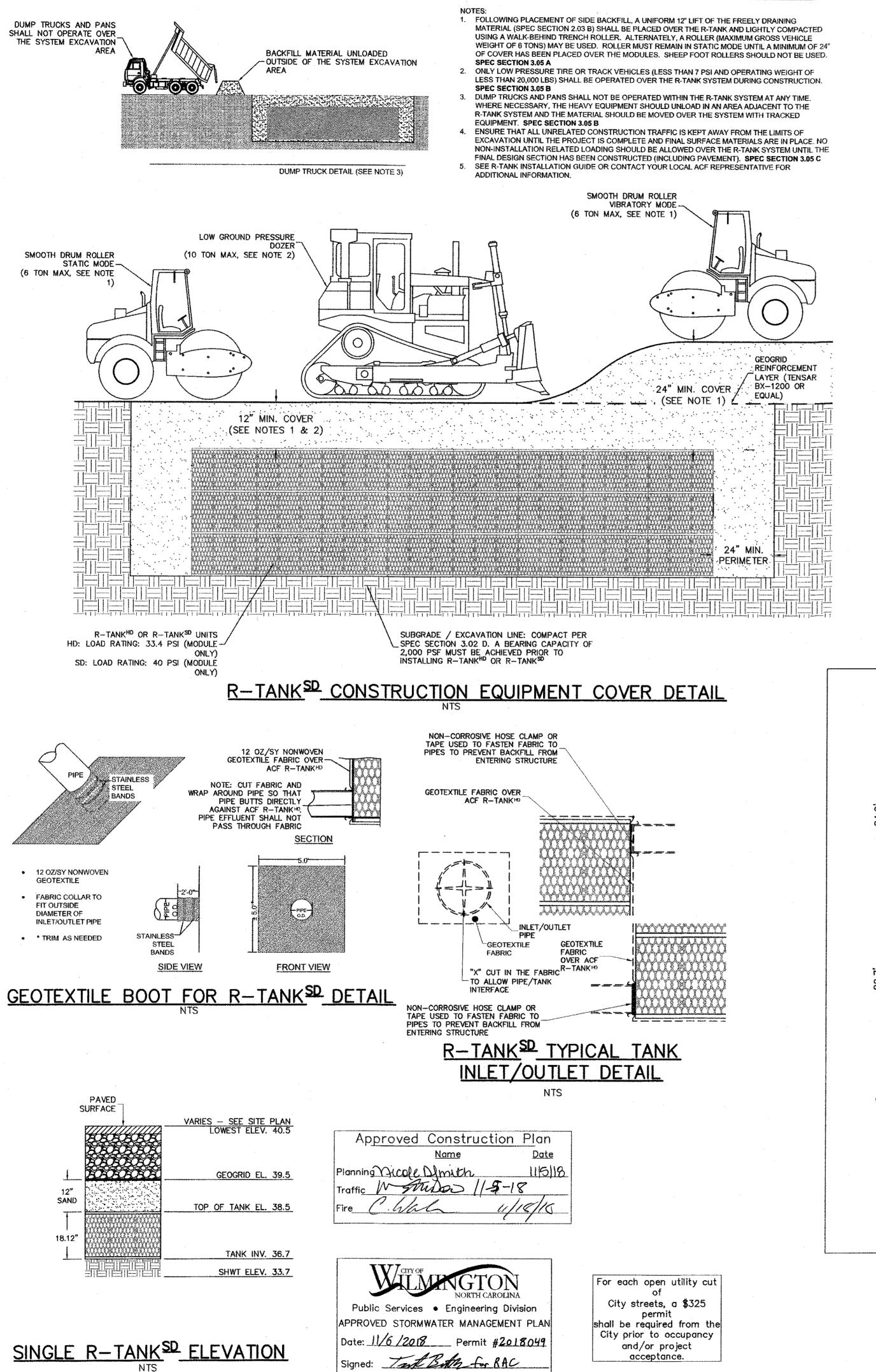
Approved Construction Plan Planning Yecole Smith W 500000 1/5-18

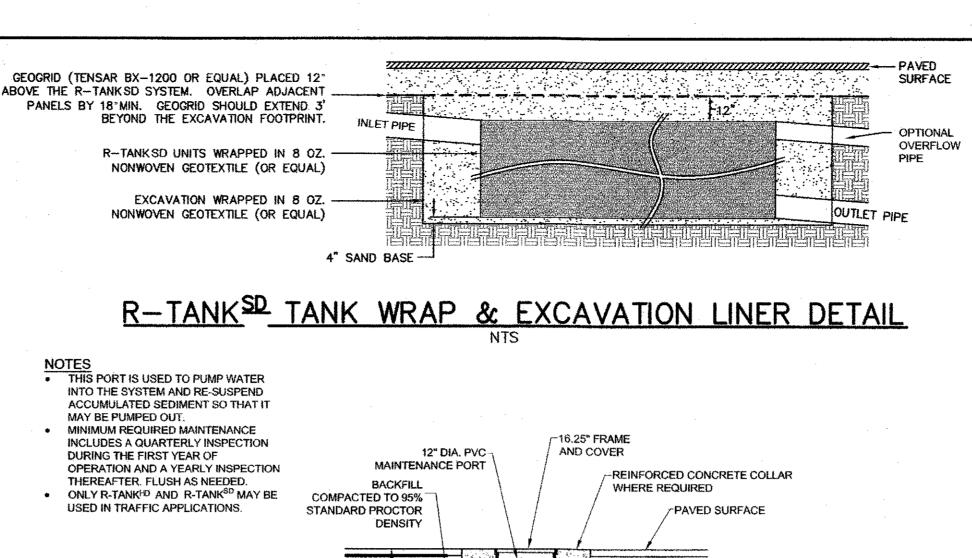
City streets, a \$325 and/or project acceptance.

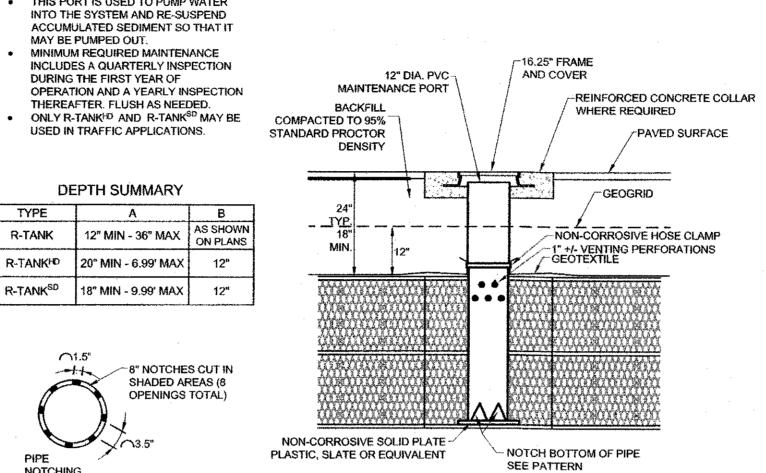


2. ANTICIPATE SUBMERGENCE AND DEPOSITION ABOVE THE CHECK DAM AND EXOSION FROM HIGH FLOWS AROUTHE EDGES OF THE DAM. CORRECT ALL DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY. IF SIGNIFICANT EROSION OCCURS BETWEEN DAMS, ADDITIONAL MEASURES CAN BE TAKEN SUCH AS, INSTALLING A PROTECTIVE RIP—RAP LINER IN THAT PORTION OF THE CHANNEL (PRACTICE 6.31, RIP—RAP LINE AND PAVED CHANNELS 3. REMOVE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED BEHIND THE DAMS AS NEEDED TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO CHANNEL VEGETATION, ALLOW THE CHANNEL TO DRAIN THROUGH THE STONE CHECK DAM, AND PREVENT LARGE FLOWS FROM CARRYING SEDIMENT OVER THE DAM. ADD STONES TO DAMS AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN DESIGN HEIGHT AND CROSS SECTION

For each open utility cut shall be required from th City prior to occupancy

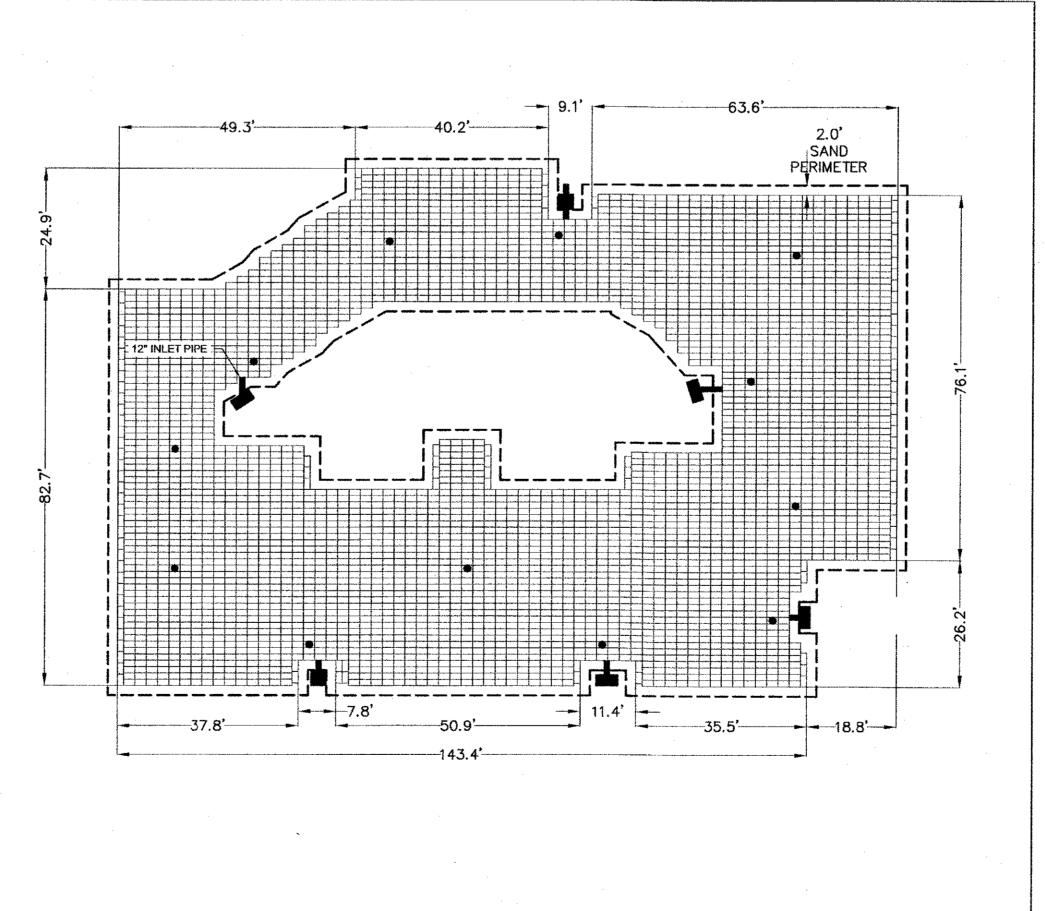






## R-TANKSD TYPICAL MAINTENANCE PORT DETAIL

END VIEW OF PIPE/FABRIC CONNECTION, CUT AN "X" IN THE FABRIC SLIGHTLY LARGER THAN PIPE, PULL THE FABRIC AROUND THE PIPE TO CREATE THE "BOOT" AND THEN SECURE WITH A HOSE-CLAMP.



R-TANKSD SYSTEM No. 1 LAYOUT

PART 1 - GENERAL A. Drawings, technical specification and general provisions of the Contract as modified herein apply to this section

Submit required experience and personnel requirements as specified in Section 1.03

Date Description R3 UPDATED 10.24.18 RTANK ELEV. Provide excavation and base preparation per geotechnical engineer's recommendations and/or as shown on the design drawlings, to provide adequate suppor or project design loads and safety from excavation sidewall collapse. Excavations shall be in accordance with the owner's and OSHA requirements. B. Provide and install R-Tank, R-TankHD, or R-TankSD system (hereafter called R-Tank) and all related products including fill materials, geotextiles, geogrids Provide and construct the cover of the R-Tank system including; stone backfill, structural fill cover, and pavement section as specified Protect R-Tank system from construction traffic after installation until completion of all construction activity in the installation area. All materials shall be manufactured in ISO certified facilities. Installation Contractor shall demonstrate the following experience A minimum of three R-Tank or equivalent projects completed within 2 years; and, A minimum of 25,000 cubic feet of storage volume completed within 2 years. Installation Personnel: Performed only by skilled workers with salisfactory record of performance on bulk earthworks, pipe, chamber, or pondifiandfill

Submit proposed R-Tank layout drawings. Drawings shall include typical section details as well as the required base elevation of stone and tanks, minimum over requirements and tank configuration. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions. Submit R-Tank sample for review. Reviewed and accepted samples will be returned to the Contractor. Submit material certificates for geotextile, geogrid, base course and backfill materials

Any proposed equal alternative product substitution to this specification must be submitted for review and approved prior to bid opening. Review package should include third party reviewed performance data that meets or exceeds criteria in Table 2.01 B. 1.05 Delivery, Storage, and Handling
A. Protect R-Tank and other materials from damage during delivery, and store UV sensitive materials under tarp to protect from sunlight when time from delivery to

istallation exceeds two weeks. Storage of materials should be on smooth surfaces, free from dirt, mud and debris. Handling is to be performed with equipment appropriate to the materials and site conditions, and may include hand, handcart, forklifts, extension lifts, etc. Cold weather:
Care must be taken when handling plastics when air temperature is 40 degrees or below as plastic becomes brittle. Do not build on frozen ground or wet, saturated or muddy subgrade.

A. Prior to the start of the installation, a preinstallation conference shall occur with the representatives from the design team, the general contractor, the excavation contractor, the R-Tank installation contractor, and the manufacturer's representative. Coordinate installation for the R-Tank system with other on-site activities to eliminate all non-installation related construction traffic over the completed R-Tank

Protect adjacent work from damage dering R-Tank system installation All pre-treatment systems to remove debris and heavy sediments must be in place and functional prior to operation of the R-Tank system. Additional prefreatment measures may be needed if unit is operational during construction due to increased sediment loads

system. No loads heavier than the design loads shall be allowed over the system, and in no case shall loads higher than a standard AASHTO HS20 (or HS25,

D. Contractor is responsible for any damage to the system during construction.

A. R -Tank - Injection molded plastic tank plates assembled to form a 95% void modular structure of predesigned height (custom for each project). B. R-Tank units shall meet the following Physical & Chemical Characteristics:

PROPERTY	DESCRIPTION	R-Tank <sup>to</sup> VALUE	R-Tank <sup>HD</sup> VALUE	R-Tank <sup>SD</sup> VALUE	R-Tank <sup>UD</sup> VALUE
Void Area	Volume available for water storage	95%	95%	95%	95%
Surface Void Area	Percentage of extenor available for infiltration	90%	90%	90%	90%
Compressive Strength	ASTM D 2412 / ASTM F 2418	30.0 psi	33.4 psi	42.9 psi	134.2 psi
HS-20 Minimum Cover	Cover required to support HS-20 loads	N/A	20"	187	12" (STONE BACKFRE
HS-25 Minimum Cover	Cover required to support HS-25 loads	N/A	24"	19°	15" (STONE BACKFEL)
Maximum Cover	Maximum allowable cover depth	3 feet	< 7 feet	< 10 feet	5 feet
Unit Weight	Weight of plastic per cubic foot of tank	3.29 lbs / cf	3.62 lbs/cf	3.96 lbs / cf	4.33 fbs / cf
Rib Thickness	Thickness of load-bearing members	0.18 inches	0.18 inches	0.18 inches	N/A
Service Temperature	Safe temperature range for use	-14 167° F	-14 - 167° F	-14 - 167° F	-14 - 167° F

Geotextile. A geotextile envelope is required to prevent backfill material from entering the R-Tank modules Standard Application: The standard geotextile shall be an 8 oz per square yard nonwoven geotextile (ACF N080 or equivalent).

R-Tank system. Geogrid is often not required for non-traffic load applications. A. Bedding Materials: Stone (smaller than 1.5" in diameter) or soil (GW, GP, SW, or SP as classified by the Unified Soil Classification System) shall be used below the R-Tank system (3" minimum). Material must be free from lumps, debris, and any sharp objects that could cut the geotextile. Material shall be within 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D698 at the time of installation. For infiltration applications bedding material shall be free draining. B. Side and Top Backfill: Free draining stone (smaller than 1.5" in diameter) or soil (GW, GP, SW, or SP as classified by the Unified Soil Classification System) shalf be used adjacent to (24" minimum) and above (for the first 12") the R-Tank system. Material must be free from lumps, debris and any sharp objects that could cut the geotextile. Material shall be within 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM 0698 at the time of installation Additional Cover Materials: Structural Fill shall consist of granular materials meeting the gradational requirements of SM, SP, SW, GM, GP or GW as classified by the Unified Soft Classification System. Structural fill shall have a maximum of 25 percent passing the No. 200 sleve, shall have a maximum clay content of 10

Geogrid. For installations subject to traffic loads and/or when required by project plans, install geogrid (ACF BX12 or equivalent) to reinforce backfill above the

Utility Marker: Install metallic tape at corners of R-Tank system to mark the area for future utility detection.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

A. On-site assembly of tanks shall be performed in accordance with the R-Tank Installation Manual, Section 2

A. Installer shall stake out, excavate, and prepare the subgrade area to the required plan grades and dimensions, ensuring that the excavation is at least 2 feet greater than R-Tank dimensions in each direction allowing for installation of geotextile filter fabric, R-Tank modules, and free draining backfill materials. Protect partially completed installation against damage from other construction traffic by establishing a perimeter with high visibility construction tape, fencing

percent and a maximum Plasticity Index of 4. Material shall be within 3 percent of the optimum moisture content as determined by ASTM D698 at the time of

D. Base of the excavation shall be uniform, level, and free of tumps or debris and soft or yielding subgrade areas. A minimum 2,000 pounds per square foot Standard Applications: Compact subgrade to a minimum of 95% of Standard Proctor (ASTM D698) density or as required by the Owner's engineer. Infiltration Applications: Subgrade shall be prepared in accordance with the contract documents. Compaction of subgrade should not be performed in infiltration

applications.

E. Unsuitable Solls or Conditions: All questions about the base of the excavation shall be directed to the owner's engineer, who will approve the subgrade. conditions prior to placement of stone. The owner's engineer shall determine the required bearing capacity of the R-Tank subgrade; however in no case shall a bearing capacity of less than 2,000 pounds per square foot be provided. If unsultable soils are encountered at the subgrade, or if the subgrade is pumping or appears excessively soft repair the area in accordance with contract

If indications of the water table are observed during excavation, the engineer shall be contacted to provide recommendations, Do not start installation of the R-Tank system until unsatisfactory subgrade conditions are corrected and the subgrade conditions are accepted by the owner's

3.03 Preparation of Base Place a thin layer (3" unless otherwise specified) of bedding material (Section 2.03 A), over the subgrade to establish a level working platform for the R-Tank modules. Level to within 1/2" (+/- 1/4") or as shown on the plans. Native subgrade soils or other materials may be used if determined to meet the requirements of 2.03 A

Standard Applications: Static roll or otherwise compact bedding materials until they are firm and unvielding Infiltration Applications: Bedding materials shall be prepared in accordance with the contract documents. Outline the footprint of the R-Tank system on the excavation floor using spray paint or chalk fine to ensure a 2' perimeter is available around the R-Tank system

A. Where a geotextile wrap is specified on the stone base, cut strips to length and install in excavation, removing wrinkles so material lays flat. Overlap geotextile a minimum 12" or as recommended by manufacturer. 3. Where an impervious liner (for containment) is specified, install the liner per manufacturer's recommendations and the contract documents. The R-Tank units

hall be separated from impervious liner by a non-woven geotextile fabric installed accordance with Section 3.04A. Install R-Tank modules by placing side by side, in accordance with the design drawings. No lateral connections are required, it is advisable to use a string line to form square corners and straight edges along the perimeter of the R-Tank system. The modules are to be oriented as per the design drawing (15.75' x 28.15') with required depth as shown on plans. The large side plate of the tank should be placed on the perimeter of the system. This will typically require that the two ends of the tank area will have a row of tanks placed perpendicular to all other tanks. If this is not shown in the construction drawings, it is a simple field adjustment that will have minimal effect on the overall system footprint. Refer to R-Tank Installation Guide for more details Wrap the R-Tank top and sides in specified geotextile. Cut strips of geotextile so that it will cover the sides and top, encapsulating the entire system to prevent

soil entry into the system. Overlap geotextile 12" or as recommended by manufacturer. Take great care to avoid damage to geotextile (and, if specified, impervious liner) during placement.

E. Identify locations of inlet, outlet and any other penetrations of the geotextile (and optional liner). These connections should be installed flush (butted up to the R-Tank) and the geotextitle fabric shall be cut to enable hydraulic continuity between the connections and the R-Tank units. These connections shall be secured using pipe boots with stainless steel pipe clamps. Support pipe in trenches during backfill operations to prevent pipe from settling and damaging the geotextile, impervious

connection, and with a maximum spacing of one maintenance port for every 2,500 square feet. Install all ports as noted in the R-Tank Installation Guide.

If required, install ventilation pipes and vents as specified on drawings to provide ventilation for proper hydraulic performance. The number of pipes and vents will depend on the size of the system. Vents are often installed using a 90 degree elbow with PVC pipe into a landscaped area with "U" bend or venting bollard to inhibit

3.05 Backfilling of the R-Tank Units Backfill and fill with recommended meterials as follows Place freely draining backfill materials (Section 2.03 B) around the perimeter in tifts with a maximum thickness of 12". Each lift shall be placed around the entire

perimeter such that each lift is no more than 24" higher than the side backfill along any other location on the perimeter of the R-Tenk system. No fill shall be placed over top of tanks until the side backfill has been completed. Each lift shall be compacted at the specified moisture content to a minimum of 95% of the Standard Proctor Density until no further densification is observed (for self-compacting stone materials). The side lifts must be compacted with walk behind compaction equipment. Even when "self-compacting" backfill materials are Take care to ensure that the compaction process does not allow the machinery to come into contact with the modules due to the potential for damage to the

No compaction equipment is permissible to operate directly on the R-Tank modules. Following placement of side backfill, a uniform 12" lift of the freely draining material (Section 2.03 B) shall be placed over the R-Tank and lightly compacted using a walk-bahind trench roller. Alternately, a roller (maximum gross vehicle weight of 6 tons) may be used. Roller must remain in static mode until a minimum of 24" of cover has been placed over the modules. Sheep foot rollers should not be used.

6. Install a geogrid (required for traffic applications) over the initial 12° lift of backfill. Geogrid shall extend a minimum of 3 feet beyond the limits of the excavation

Following placement and compaction of the initial cover, subsequent lifts of structural fill (Section 2.03 C) shall be placed at the specified moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 95% of the Standard Proctor Density and shall cover the entire footprint of the R-Tank system. During placement of fill above the system, unless otherwise specified, a uniform elevation of fill shall be maintained to within 12" across the footprint of the R-Tank system. Do not exceed maximum cover depths listed in Table 2.01 B. he R-Tank system shall extend a minimum of 3 feet beyond the limits of the excavation wall.

system shall extend a minimum of 3 feet peyono the users of the excurement real.

Only low pressure tire or track vehicles shall be operated over the R-Tank system during construction. No machinery should drive on top of the lank affiliation of t a minimum of 18" of backfill and compaction is achieved. Dump Trucks and Pans shall not be operated within the R-Tank system footprint at any time. Where necessary the heavy equipment should unload in an area adjacent to the R-Tank system and the material should be moved over the system with tracked equipment. Ensure that all unrelated construction traffic is kept away from the limits of excavation until the project is complete and final surface materials are in place. No on-installation related loading should be allowed over the R-Tank system until the final design section has been constructed (including pavement). ). Place surfacing materials, such as groundcovers (no large trees), or paving materials over the structure with care to avoid displacement of cover fill and dam to surrounding areas.

E. Backfill depth over R-Tank system must be within the limitations shown in the table in Section 2.01 B. If the total backfill depth does not comply with this table.

PART 4 - USING THE SYSTEM

A. A routine maintenance effort is required to ensure proper performance of the R-Tank system. The Maintenance program should be focused on pretreament systems. Ensuring these structures are clean and functioning properly will reduce the risk of contamination of the R-Tank system and stormwater released from the site. Pre-treatment systems shall be inspected yearly, or as directed by the regulatory agency and by the manufacturer (for proprietary systems). Maintain as ne using acceptable practices or following manufacturer's guidelines (for proprietary systems). B. Inspection and/or Maintenance Ports in the R-Tank system will need to be inspected for accumulation of sediments at least quarterly through the first year of operation and at least yearly thereafter. This is done by removing the cap of the port and using a measuring device long enough to reach the bottom of the R-Tank system and stiff enough to push through the loose sediments, allowing a depth measurement.

If sediment has accumulated to the level noted in the R-Tank Maintenance Guide or beyond a level acceptable to the Owner's engineer, the R-Tank system D. A flushing event consists of pumping water into the Maintenance Port and/or adjacent structure, allowing the turbulent flows through the R-Tank system to re-suspend the fine sediments. If multiple Maintenance Ports have been installed, water should be pumped into each port to maximize flushing efficiency.

Sediment-laden water can be filtered through a Dirtbag or approved equivalent if permitted by the locality.

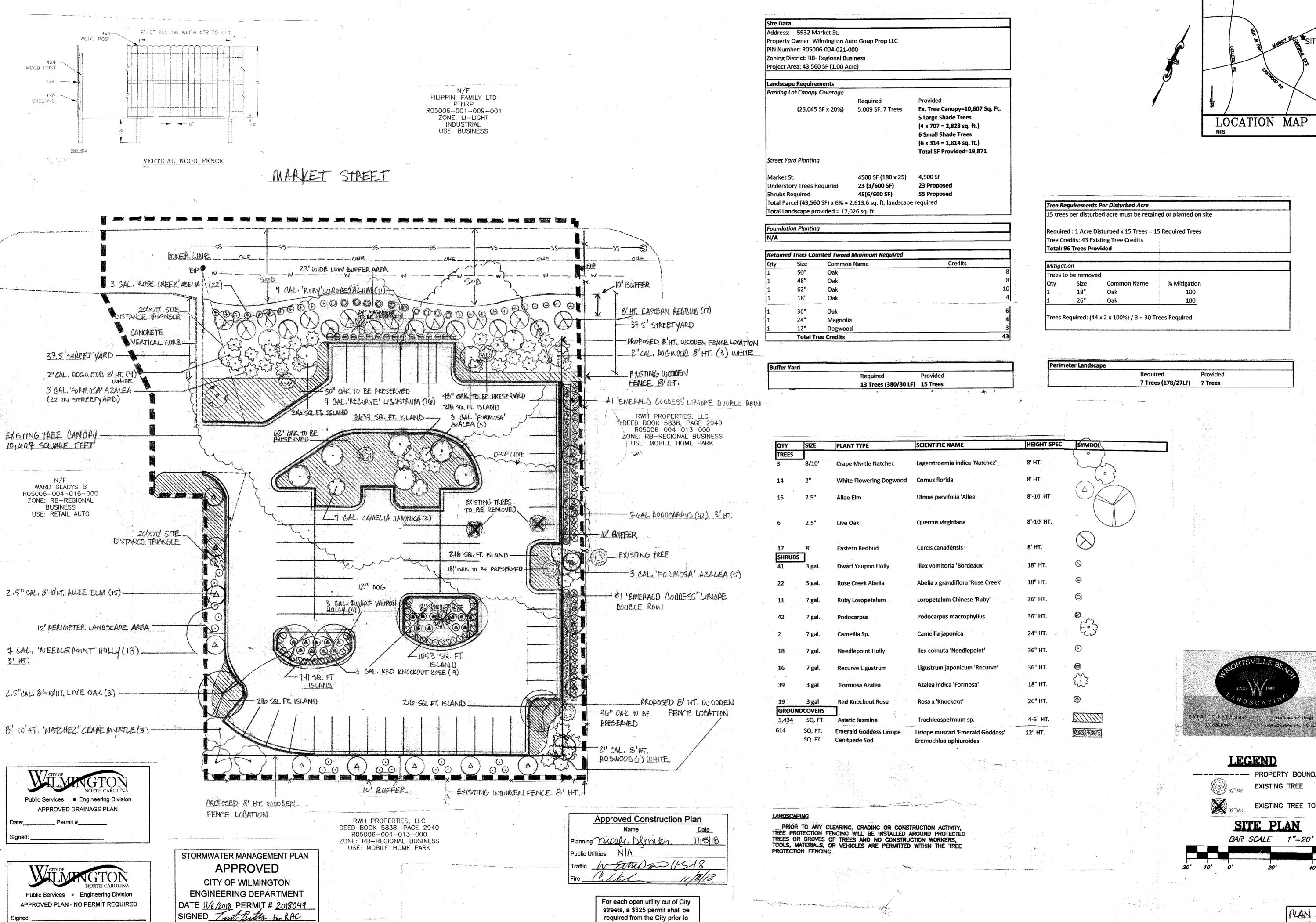
REVISIONS

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SHEET 5 OF 5



occupancy and/or project acceptance.

**REVISIONS** 

nate Description

SITE 10.31 18 REVISE L.

PA OWN

LECEND

------- PROPERTY BOUNDARY **EXISTING TREE** 

EXISTING TREE TO BE REMOVED

SITE PLAN

BAR SCALE 1"=20"

PLAN L.1 005/14/18